Homework 9

Analysis

Due: April 09, 2018

1. If T is a contraction mapping for c < 1, show that we can estimate the distance of the fixed point x^* from the initial point x_0 of the fixed point iteration by

$$d(x^*, x_0) \le \frac{1}{1-c} d(x_1, x_0).$$

2. Using the contraction mapping theorem, show that the following differential equation has a unique solution

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{1}{4} \left(1 + \sin^2(x) \right) \\ x(0) = 1 \end{cases}$$

3. The following integral equation for $f : [-a, a] \mapsto \mathbb{R}$ arises in a model of the motion of gas particles on a line:

$$f(x) = 1 + \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-a}^{a} \frac{1}{1 + (x - y)^2} f(y) \, dy,$$

for $-a \leq x \leq a$. Prove that this equation has a unique bounded, continuous solution for every $0 < a < \infty$. Prove that the solution is nonnegative. What can you say if $a = \infty$?

4. Logistic Equation: The logistic map $T: [0,1] \mapsto [0,1]$ is defined by

$$x_{n+1} = Tx_n = rx_n(1 - x_n),$$

where r > 0.

(a) Show that for 0 < r < 1 there is a single fixed point x^* for this problem. Prove that if 0 < r < 1 then for all $x_0 \in [0, 1]$

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} T^n x_0 = x^*.$$

- (b) For what values of r will there be exactly two fixed points for this problem. For what range of r will at least one of these fixed points be stable.
- (c) A period two orbit is a point x^* satisfying $T^2x^* = x^*$. For what ranges of r will there exist period two orbits. For what ranges of r will there exist a stable period two orbit?