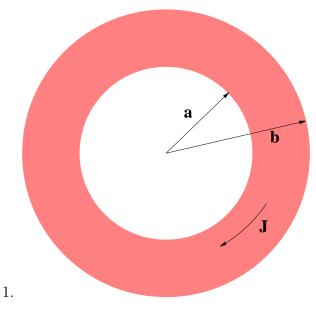
PHY 712 – Problem Set # 12

Start reading Chapter 5 of Jackson. This problem is due Monday, Feb. 23, 2009.



The figure above shows the cross section of a magnetostatic solenoid which is uniform in the $\hat{\mathbf{z}}$ direction (perpendicular to the page). The current flows in the azimuthal $\hat{\phi}$ direction; specifically the current density is given in cylindrical coordinates by:

$$\mathbf{J} = \begin{cases} J_0 \hat{\phi} & a \le \rho \le b\\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$
(1)

Here J_0 is a constant, a and b denote the inner and outer diameters of the cylinder, respectively, and $\hat{\phi} = -\sin(\phi)\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \cos(\phi)\hat{\mathbf{y}}$.

(a) Show that the vector potential **A** for this system can be written as

$$\mathbf{A} = f(\rho)\hat{\phi},\tag{2}$$

where the scalar function $f(\rho)$ satisfies the equation

$$\left[\frac{d^2}{d\rho^2} + \frac{1}{\rho}\frac{d}{d\rho} - \frac{1}{\rho^2}\right]f(\rho) = \begin{cases} -\mu_0 J_0 & a \le \rho \le b\\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$
(3)

- (b) Find the function $f(\rho)$ in the three regions: $0 \le \rho \le a, a \le \rho \le b$, and $\rho \ge b$.
- (c) Find the **B** field in the three regions. Check to make sure that your answer is consistent with what you know about solenoids. (Hint: $\mathbf{B} \equiv \mathbf{0}$ outside the solenoid.)