## PHY 341/641 **Thermodynamics and Statistical Physics**

## Lecture 35

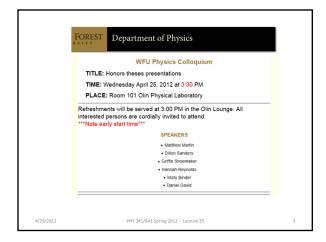
## **Review and examples**

- Chemical potential example atmospheric pressure
- Chemical potential example battery operation

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| _  |           |                                      |          |                   |            |
|----|-----------|--------------------------------------|----------|-------------------|------------|
| 24 | 3/26/2012 | Bose and Fermi particles             | 6.5-6.11 |                   |            |
| 25 | 3/28/2012 | Phase transformations                | 7.1-7.3  | HW.21             | 03/30/2012 |
| 26 | 3/30/2012 | Van der Waals Equation               | 7.4      |                   |            |
| 27 | 4/02/2012 | Equilibrium constants                | 7.4-7.5  | HW 22             | 04/04/2012 |
| 28 | 4/04/2012 | Equilibrium constants                | 7.5      |                   |            |
| Г  | 4/06/2012 | Good Friday Holiday                  |          |                   |            |
| 29 | 4/09/2012 | Review begin take-home exam          | 5-7      |                   |            |
|    | 4/11/2012 | No class work on exam                | 5-7      |                   |            |
| 30 | 4/13/2012 | Simulation of chemical potential     | 7.2      | Exam<br>continued |            |
| 31 | 4/16/2012 | Classical treatment of dense systems | 8.1-8.2  | Exam due          |            |
| 32 | 4/18/2012 | Review exam; Virial expansion        | 8.3-8.4  |                   |            |
| 33 | 4/20/2012 | Radial distribution function         | 8.5      |                   |            |
| 34 | 4/23/2012 | More topics on classical fluids      | 8.6-8.9  |                   |            |
| 35 | 4/25/2012 | Review                               |          |                   |            |
| 36 | 4/27/2012 | Review                               |          |                   |            |
|    | 4/30/2012 | Student presentations I              |          |                   |            |
|    | 5/02/2012 | Student presentations II             |          |                   |            |
|    | 5/09/2012 | 9 AM Final exam                      |          |                   |            |

4/30- Laurence, Zac, Eric 5/2 -- Kristen, Audrey, Griffin Spring 2012 -- Lecture 35



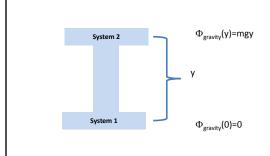
Example systems involving analysis of chemical potentials Ref. Kittel and Kroemer, **Statistical Physics** 

In the following examples, the "internal chemical potential" is augmented with an external potential which can be added to make a "total" chemical potential

Model of the variation of the atomospheric pressure with altitude based on the consideration of two volumes of gas at different heights in a uniform gravitational field in thermal and diffusive contact. (Ignor temperature and gravitational potential variations with height.)

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Here m denotes the average mass per particle, and g denotes the gravitation acceleration.

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Assuming ideal gas equation of state:

$$\mu_{tot}(y) = -kT \ln \left[ \frac{V}{N(y)} \left( \frac{2\pi nkT}{h^2} \right)^{3/2} \right] + \Phi_{gravity}(y)$$

$$= -kT \ln \left[ \left( \frac{2\pi nkT}{h^2} \right)^{3/2} \right] + kT \ln(n(y)) + \Phi_{gravity}(y)$$

where  $n(y) = \frac{N(y)}{V}$  represents the gas density as a function of height

Thermodynamic equilibrium implies:

$$\mu_{tot}(y) = \mu_{tot}(0)$$
  
$$\Rightarrow kT \ln(n(y)) + mgy = kT \ln(n(0))$$

 $\Rightarrow n(y) = n(0)e^{-mgy/kT}$ 

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