Math 361: Introduction to Topology Asst. 5, due W., 3/07

• read sections 2.2-2.6 of Messer/Straffin

You should submit at least 8 of the following problems.

Required

- 1. This week you will choose your very own 'pet knot'. Is your knot *tricolorable*? (This is what the authors call 'colorable' in §2.4.) Either show that it is or prove that it is knot.
- 2. The writhe of a knot diagram is the sum of the signed crossing numbers (of the knot crossing itself).
 (a) Compute the writhe of the following knots: 01, 31, 41, 51, 52.
 (b) Draw two different diagrams of your pet knot. Is each diagram reduced? (Draw at least one reduced diagram.) Compute the writhe of each diagram.
- 3. Is the writhe of a knot diagram invariant under all three Reidemeister moves? (i.e., is *writhe* a knot invariant?) If not, which moves preserve writhe? which ones change it (and how)?
- 4. 2.3.3
- 5. 2.3.4
- 6. 2.3.7

Optional Problems

- 7. Find a sequence of Reidemeister moves taking the figure-eight knot 4_1 to its mirror image.
- 8. If a knot projection has n crossings, explain why there are at most 2^n different knot diagrams that result.
- 9. *** Given a knot projection, find a method for resolving the crossings that guarantees the resulting knot diagram produces an unknot.
- 10. *** Show there are no knots with crossing number Cr(K) = 2.

These problems are also optional:

2.2.4, 2.2.8 2.3.8, 2.3.11 ***

Problems marked with stars *** indicate that gold stars will be awarded for correct, complete answers to them. (Please cite any sources outside of our course book & notes you use on these and other problems.)