PI: Yue-Ling Wong, Departments of Computer Science and Art, Wake Forest University Co-PI: Jennifer Burg, Department of Computer Science, Wake Forest University Assessment Expert: Leah McCoy, Department of Education, Wake Forest University URL: http://digitalmedia.wfu.edu

GOAL : To develop digital media curriculum that integrates science behind the digital media creation for various disciplines.

METHODS AND STRATEGIES





ematical modeling of audio filters, animation basics, computer programming fundamentals, multimedia authoring, HTML, ĆSS, ĎHTML.

This material is based on work supported by the National Science Foundation under Grant Numbers DUE-0127280 and DUE-0340969.

Digital Media Curriculum Development Project

STEM CONCEPTS & PRINCIPLES INTRODUCED IN THE CURRICULUM include sampling, quantization, resolution, bit depth, binary notation, color models, aliasing, human perception of depth, relativity of color and value, compression algorithms (JPEG, MPEG, LZW, Huffman encoding), discrete cosine transform in JPEG compression, dithering, histograms, curves and vector graphics, Octree algorithm for indexed color, resampling, convolution, sound wave, MIDI, non-linear companding and µ-Law encoding, Fourier transform in audio, math-

INTENDED OUTCOME : The curriculum allows students who study digital media from many different disciplines, from computer science to digital art and communication, to learn science behind digital media creation.

PILOT-TESTING SITES included 4-year universities, community colleges, high schools, digital art classes, computer science classes, digital media programs. In general, the pre- and posttest results indicated that the students who used the materials were successful in learning that content.

Example quotes of student feedbacks that support some of the findings and guided the revision of the materials:

"I enjoy to interactive lesson becasue it gives me the ability to use the subject matter and concepts in practice; a very helpful visual guide for memory retention."

"...Especially when it came to the bit/byte/binary stuff. There was so much of it, and I didn't see how knowing the binary system has much to do with making graphics. But other than that the examples that were there were very helpful for understanding the concepts more."

"I liked the indepth examples to make the concepts seem less confusing. The tutorials also helped for understanding a lot better."

Materials that students have found most helpful:

Use of tangible and concrete **examples**

End-of-chapter review questions

Worksheets associated with the interactive tutorials

Develop strategies to help students learn to earn new software applications on their own

Pre- and post-tests are of limited usefulness.

Recording of on-screen activities and videotaping of students working in groups are found to give most useful information on how students apply the mate-

Pre-Test as a useful learning tool by pre-exposing the students to the key terms and concepts

"My students mentioned that they would recognize an obviously complex topic, but that the worksheets occasionally only allowed them to work with trivial cases (or only complex cases). They wanted to see a more in *depth transition from trivial cases to complex* cases. They also reasoned that the number of questions on a worksheet topic should be inversely proportional to the complexity. That is, give a few more questions on trivial to moderate cases and culminate with one or two complex comprehensive questions."