

# MTH 351/651

## Homework #6

Due Date: October 12, 2022

### 1 Problems for Everyone

1. Consider the linear system

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{x} &= x - y, \\ \dot{y} &= x + y.\end{aligned}$$

- (a) Show that the system has eigenvalues  $\lambda_1 = 1 + i$  and  $\lambda_2 = 1 - i$  with eigenvectors

$$\mathbf{v}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} i \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \mathbf{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -i \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- (b) Express the generic solution

$$\mathbf{x}(t) = c_1 e^{\lambda_1 t} \mathbf{v}_1 + c_2 e^{\lambda_2 t} \mathbf{v}_2$$

as a sum of two real-valued functions. **Hint:** First, express  $c_1 = a_1 + ib_1$  and  $c_2 = a_2 + ib_2$ , where  $a_1, a_2, b_1, b_2 \in \mathbb{R}$ . Second, use the fact that for  $\omega \in \mathbb{R}$ ,  $e^{i\omega} = \cos(\omega) + i \sin(\omega)$  to rewrite the solution  $\mathbf{x}(t)$  in terms of sines and cosines and then separate the terms that have a prefactor of  $i$  from those that do not. Third, find conditions on  $a_1, a_2, b_1, b_2$  that ensure the terms involving  $i$  vanish.

2. For the following systems, find the nullclines and the fixed points and plot a plausible phase portrait for the system. You do not have to analyze the stability of the fixed points.

- (a)  $\dot{x} = x - x^3$  and  $\dot{y} = -y$ .  
(b)  $\dot{x} = y$  and  $\dot{y} = x(1 + y) - 1$ .  
(c)  $\dot{x} = \sin(y)$  and  $\dot{y} = x - x^3$ .  
(d)  $\dot{x} = xy - 1$  and  $\dot{y} = x - y^3$ .