MTH 383/683: Homework #8

Due Date: November 20, 2023

1 Problems for Everyone

1. Practice on Ito Integrals: Consider the four processes:

$$X_t = \int_0^t (1-s)dB_s, \qquad Y_t = \int_0^t (1+s)dB_s, \qquad Z_t = \int_0^t \sin(s)dB_s, \qquad W_t = \int_0^t \cos(s)dB_s.$$

- (a) Explain why each of these processes are Gaussian.
- (b) Find the mean and covariance for each of these processes.
- (c) Determine the probability densities for each of these processes.
- (d) For which time, if any, do we have that X_t and Y_t are uncorrelated? Are X_t and Y_t independent at these times?
- (e) Determine the covariance matrix for the Gaussian random variable $(Z_{\pi/2}, Z_{\pi})$.
- (f) Write down the double integral for the probability $P(Z_{\pi/2} > 1, Z_{\pi} > 1)$.
- (g) Determine for which times the processes \mathbb{Z}_t and W_t are indpendent.
- 2. Integration By Parts for some Ito Integrals: Let g be a smooth function and B_t a standard Brownian motion.
 - (a) Use Ito's formula to prove that for any $t \ge 0$

$$\int_0^t g(s)dB_s = g(t)B_t - \int_0^t B_s g'(s)ds$$

(b) Show that the process given by

$$X_t = t^2 B_t - 2 \int_0^t s B_s ds$$

is Gaussian. Find its mean and covariance.

3. Some Practice with Ito's Formula: Show that:

(a)
$$\int_0^t B_s^3 dB_s = \frac{1}{4} B_t^4 - \frac{3}{2} \int_0^t B_s^2 ds$$

(b) $\int_0^t B_s^4 dB_s = \frac{1}{5} B_t^5 - 2 \int_0^t B_s^3 ds$
(c) $\int_0^t B_s^{n-1} dB_s = \frac{1}{n} B_t^n - \frac{n-1}{2} \int_0^t B_s^{n-2} ds$, where $n \in \mathbb{N}$ and $n > 2$.

4. Some Practice with Ito's Formula and Compensators: Let B_t be a standard Brownian motion and consider the three processes:

$$X_t = \int_0^t \cos(s) dB_s, \qquad Y_t = B_t^4, \qquad Z_t = (B_t + t) \exp(-B_t - t/2).$$

- (a) Determine if each of these processes is a martingale, if not find a compensator for it.
- (b) Find the mean, the variance, and the covariance of each of these processes.
- (c) Determine if each of these processes are Gaussian.
- 5. Gaussian Moments Using Ito: Let B_t be a Brownian motion. Use Ito's formula to show that for $k \in \mathbb{N}$

$$\mathbb{E}[B_t^k] = \frac{1}{2}k(k-1)\int_0^t \mathbb{E}[B_s^{k-2}]ds.$$

Conclude from this that $\mathbb{E}[B_t^4] = 3t^2$ and $\mathbb{E}[B_t^6] = 15t^3$.