## MTH 352/652 Homework #9

Due Date: April 11, 2025

1. Consider the following initial-boundary value problem:

$$u_t = u_{xx},$$
  
 $u(0,t) = 1,$   
 $u(2\pi,t) = 2$   
 $u(x,0) = 1.$ 

- (a) Calculate the steady state solution for this initial-boundary value problem.
- (b) Solve this initial boundary value problem.
- 2. Consider the following initial-boundary value problem for  $x \in [0, 1]$ :

$$u_t = u_{xx} - u,$$
  
 $u(0,t)$   
 $u(1,t) = 0,$   
 $u(x,0) = \sin(3\pi x).$ 

- (a) Using separation of variables solve this initial-boundary value problem.
- (b) Using your solution, calculate  $\lim_{t\to\infty} u(x,t)$ .
- (c) Are there any steady state solutions to this equation? If so, what are they?
- 3. Consider the following initial-boundary value problem for  $x \in [0, \pi]$ :

$$\begin{split} u_{tt} &= u_{xx}, \\ u_x(0,t) &= 0 \\ u_x(\pi,t) &= 0, \\ u(x,0) &= \cos^2(x), \\ u_t(x,0) &= \cos(3x). \end{split}$$

- (a) Solve this initial-boundary value problem. Hint: It might be useful to use trig identities to reduce  $\cos^2(x)$ .
- (b) Sketch the solution for t = 0,  $t = \pi/2$ ,  $t = \pi$ ,  $t = 3\pi/2$ , and  $t = 2\pi$ .
- (c) Describe qualitatively the behavior of the solution.

4. Solve the following initial-boundary value problem for  $x \in [0, \pi]$ :

$$u_{tt} + u_t = u_{xx},$$
  
 $u(0,t) = 0$   
 $u(\pi,t) = 0,$   
 $u(x,0) = \sin^2(x),$   
 $u_t(x,0) = 0.$ 

5. Solve the following boundary value problem on the domain  $\Omega = [0,1] \times [0,1]$ 

$$\Delta u = 0$$
  

$$u(0, y) = \sin(\pi y)$$
  

$$u(1, y) = \sin(2\pi y)$$
  

$$u(x, 0) = \sin(3\pi x)$$
  

$$u(x, 1) = \sin(4\pi x).$$