

Announcements

1. “Extra” practice problems available on the web:
<http://www.wfu.edu/~natalie/f02phy113/extrapractice>
2. Physics seminar and SPS on Thursday.

The basic laws of motion

Sir Isaac Newton (1642-1727)



$$\mathbf{F} = m \mathbf{a}$$

mass

acceleration

net “force”

1. In absence of a net force, an object remains at constant velocity or at rest.
2. In the presents of a net force, the motion of an object of mass m is described by $\mathbf{F} = m \mathbf{a}$.
3. $\mathbf{F}_{12} = -\mathbf{F}_{21}$

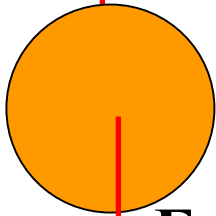
Units of force: $1 \text{ N} = 1 \text{ kg m/s}^2 = 0.2248 \text{ lb}$

(quarter pound hamburger \sim 1 Newton burger)

Examples



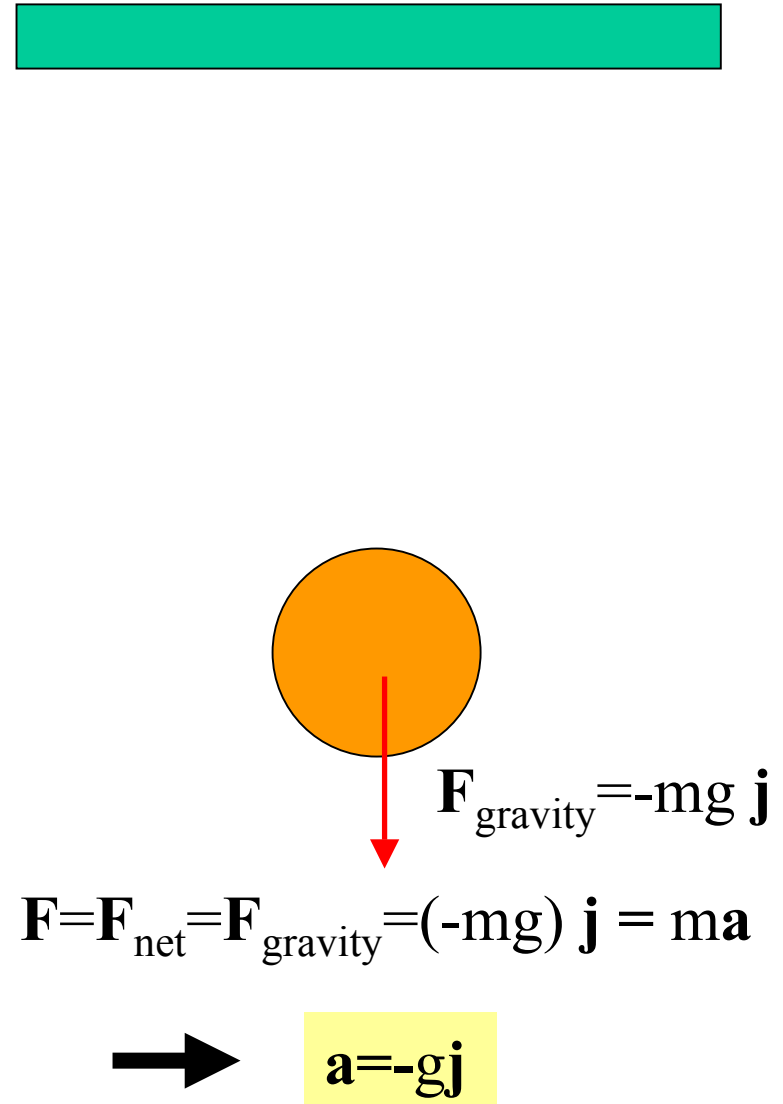
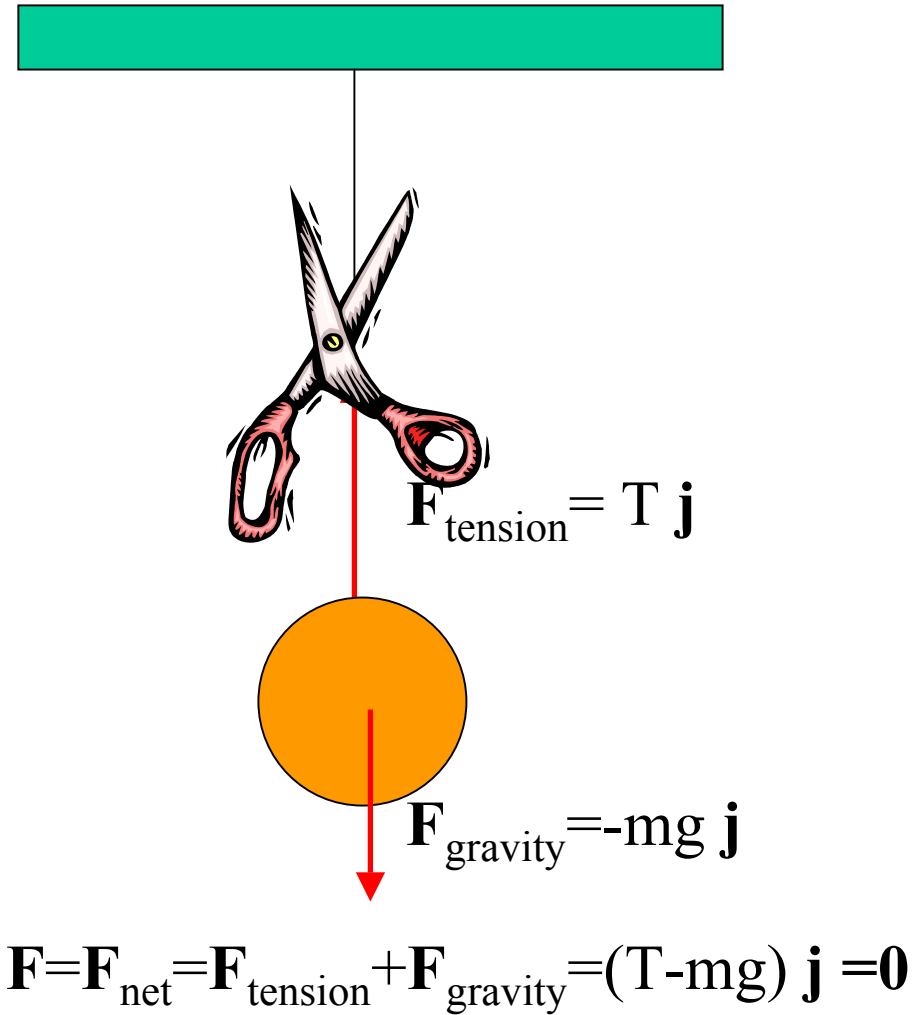
$$\mathbf{F}_{\text{tension}} = T \mathbf{j}$$

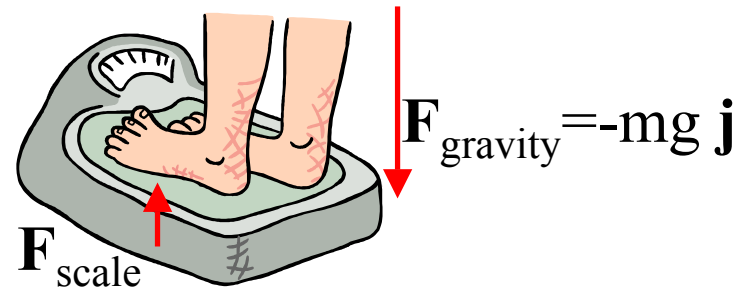


$$\mathbf{F}_{\text{gravity}} = -mg \mathbf{j}$$

$$\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{F}_{\text{net}} = \mathbf{F}_{\text{tension}} + \mathbf{F}_{\text{gravity}} = (T - mg) \mathbf{j} = \mathbf{0}$$

Examples





$$\mathbf{F}_{\text{scale}} + \mathbf{F}_{\text{gravity}} = \mathbf{0}; \mathbf{F}_{\text{scale}} = mg$$

Question: What if you step on the scale in the elevator?

$$\mathbf{F}_{\text{scale}} + \mathbf{F}_{\text{gravity}} = m \mathbf{a}; \mathbf{F}_{\text{scale}} = mg + m \mathbf{a}$$

On line quiz

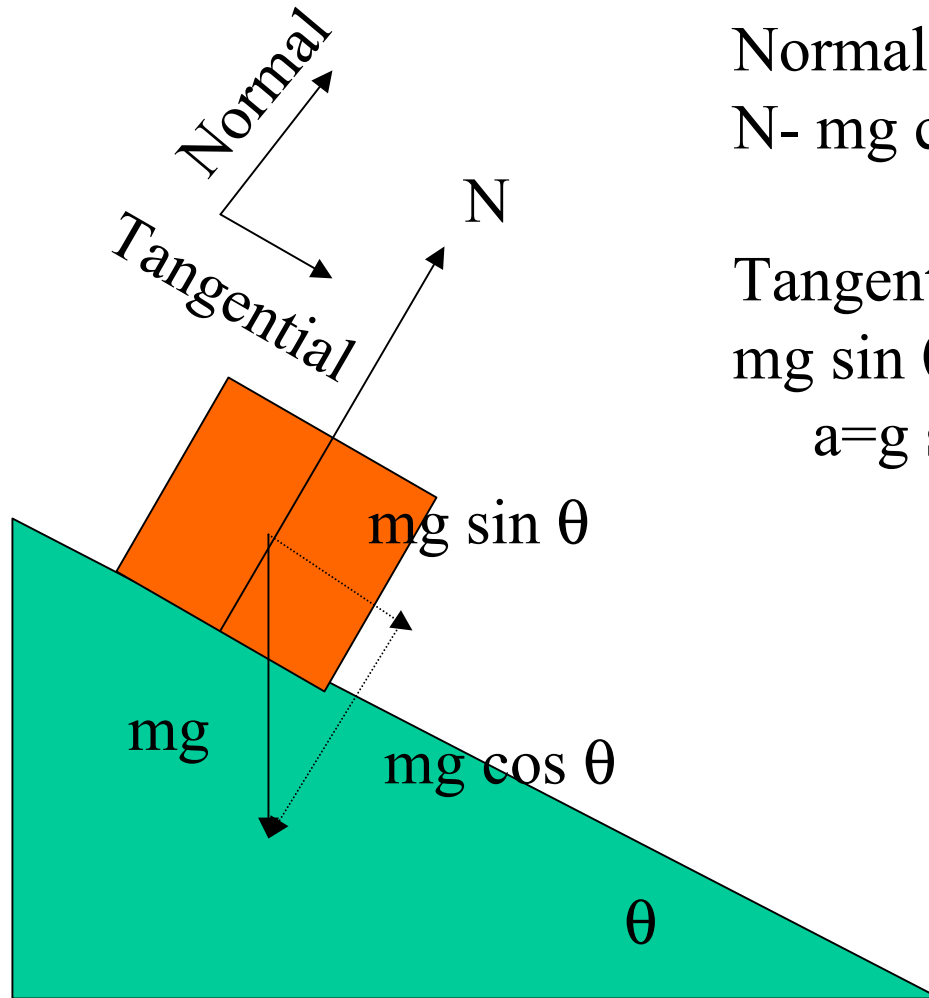
An object having a mass of 2 kg is moving at constant velocity of 3 m/s in the upward direction near the surface of the Earth. What is the net force acting on the object?

- a. 0 N.
- b. 6 N in the upward direction.
- c. 25.6 N in the upward direction.
- d. 19.6 N in the downward direction.

Peer instruction question

Realizing that the Earth rotates about its axis once every 24 hrs. and that in Winston-Salem, this means that you are moving in a circular at a speed of $v \sim 400$ m/s at a radius of $r \sim 5000$ km from the axis of rotation. What can you say about your centripetal acceleration?

- (a) It is too small to measure.
- (b) It has no effect, since you are moving together with everything else.
- (c) It has a measureable effect.



Normal forces:
 $N - mg \cos \theta = 0$

Tangential forces:
 $mg \sin \theta = ma$
 $a = g \sin \theta$