Exercises from Day 1 talk by Jeremy Rouse

1. Suppose that $Q$ is a positive-definite quadratic form. Assume that $Q$ represents 2 , and $Q$ also represents 3 . Show that $Q$ also represents 818.
2. Let $S=\mathbb{N}$ be the set of positive integers. Show that there is no positive-definite $S$-universal ternary quadratic form.
3. Let $p$ be a prime number and $Q(x, y, z, w)=x^{2}+p y^{2}+p z^{2}+p w^{2}$.
(a) Show that if $p \not \equiv 1(\bmod 8)$, then every positive integer $n$ which is congruent to a square $\bmod p$ and $n>p(4 p-5)$ is represented by $Q$.
(b) Show that if $p \equiv 3(\bmod 8)$, then $n=p(4 p-5)$ is not represented by $Q$.
